

Action of the 4-Nitro-2-Phenoximethanesulphonanilide (Nimesulide) on Neutrophil Chemotaxis and Superoxide Production

ERRATA

In the article "Action of the 4-Nitro-2-Phenoximethanesulphonanilide (Nimesulide) on neutrophil chemotaxis and Superoxide Production" (São Paulo Medical Journal 112(1):489, 494, 1994), was incorrectly published and should read as follows:

(Page 489)

The concentration of Nimesulide were:
(0.1; 0.3 and 0.5mM)
(FMLP $10^{-7}M$)
The stimulus for chemotaxis was Leukotriene
B₄ ($3 \cdot 10^{-7}M$)

Methods and Results (Page 490, 491)

In migratory assay the stimulant substances were:
C5a = 2% Zymosan activated plasma
FMLP = $10^{-6}M$
LTB₄ = $3 \cdot 10^{-7}M$

(Pages 491 and 492)

The legends of the figures are changed.
The correct should be as follows

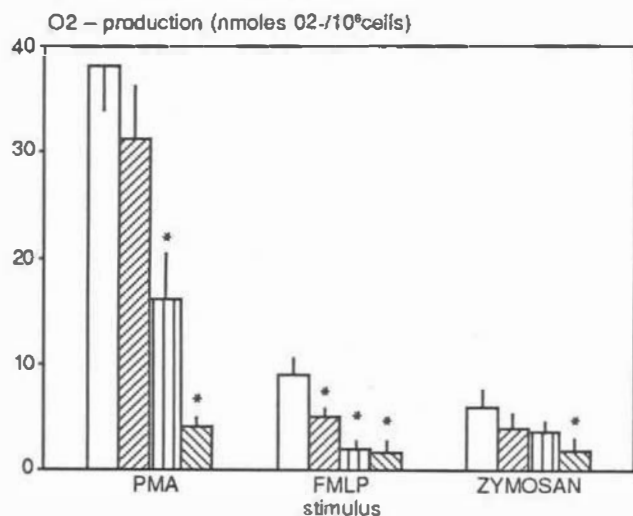


Figure 1 – Superoxide production anion (O₂⁻) by PMN from healthy subjects pre-incubated for 30 minutes at 37°C, with □ medium; and with phenoximethanesulphonanilide at ▨ 0.1; ▩ 0.3; ▪ 0.5 mM; PMA at 50 ng/ml; FMLP at $10^{-7}M$ and opsonized zymosan at 1mg/ml. These compounds were employed as stimuli. Values are shown as mean ± S.E.M. of the seven individual experiments performed in duplicate.
* < 0.05.

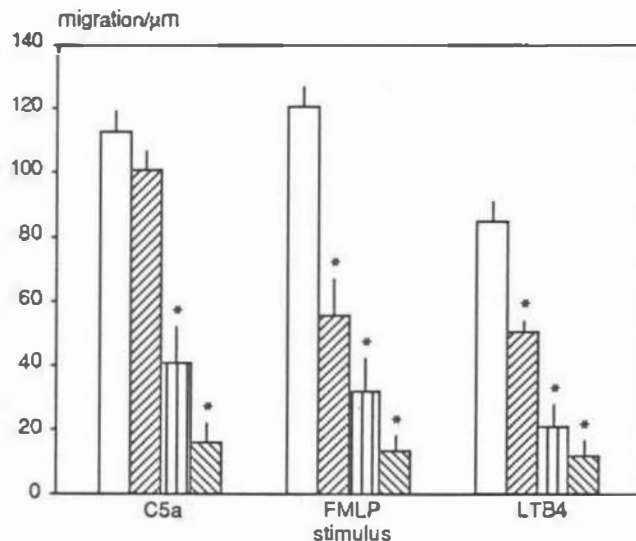


Figure 2 – Chemotatic response of the neutrophils obtained from healthy subjects and pre-incubated with □ medium; and with phenoximethanesulphonanilide at ▨ 0.1; ▩ 0.3; ▪ 0.5 mM. Chemoattractants used were C5a (2% zymosan activated serum), FMLP at $10^{-6}M$ and LTB₄ at $3 \cdot 10^{-7}M$. Values are shown as mean ± S.E.M. of the seven individual experiments performed in duplicate.
* < 0.05.

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The name of the author of the Case Report "Adult respiratory distress syndrome in newborns: 5 cases" published in the São Paulo Medical Journal. 111(6):445, 1993 should read Gustavo Antonio Moreira and not Gustavo Antonio Madeira.